



SAFETY DATA SHEET

MATERION

1. Identification

Product identifier	M-25 and M-65 Alloys	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	A01	
Synonyms	C17300 (M-25), C17465 (M-65), Copper Beryllium Alloy, Beryllium Copper Alloy, Copper Alloy	
Recommended use	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Offshore industries Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment Scientific research and development Other: Manufacture of medical and defense equipment Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	Materion Brush Inc.	
Address	6070 Parkland Boulevard Mayfield Heights, OH 44124 United States	
Telephone	+1.216.383.4019	
Website	www.materion.com	
E-mail	ehs@materion.com	
Contact person	Theodore L. Knudson	
Emergency phone number	+1.216.383.4019	
Supplier	Materion Brush Inc. 6070 Parkland Boulevard Mayfield Heights, OH 44124 US +1.216.486.4200	

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 2
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause cancer by inhalation. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If exposed or concerned: Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container (in accordance with related regulations). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	None known.
Supplemental information	Exposure to the elements listed in Section 3 by inhalation, ingestion, and skin contact can occur when melting, casting, gross handling, pickling, chemical cleaning, heat treating, abrasive cutting, welding, grinding, sanding, polishing, milling, crushing, or otherwise heating or abrading the surface of this material in a manner which generates particulate.

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Copper		7440-50-8	97.1 - 98.6
Beryllium		7440-41-7	0.2 - 2
Nickel		7440-02-0	0 - 1.4
Lead		7439-92-1	0.2 - 0.6
Cobalt		7440-48-4	0 - 0.35

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of particulate requires immediate removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical help.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Thoroughly wash skin cuts or wounds to remove all particulate debris from the wound. Seek medical attention for wounds that cannot be thoroughly cleansed. Treat skin cuts and wounds with standard first aid practices such as cleansing, disinfecting and covering to prevent wound infection and contamination before continuing work. Obtain medical help for persistent irritation. Material accidentally implanted or lodged under the skin must be removed.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. In view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. Other treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases. In general, treatment is reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians.

In their 2014 official statement on the Diagnosis and Management of Beryllium Sensitivity and Chronic Beryllium Disease, the American Thoracic Society states that "it seems prudent for workers with BeS to avoid all future occupational exposure to beryllium."

General information

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. As supplied, there is no immediate medical risk with beryllium products in article form. First aid measures provided are related to particulate containing beryllium.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

The product is non-combustible. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not applicable.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus. Wear suitable protective equipment.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

Specific methods

Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep locked-up. Avoid contact with acids and alkalis. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0.00005 mg/m ³ (as Inhalable fraction. beryllium)	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	STEL	0.01 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0.002 mg/m ³	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m ³	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0.00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
		0.02 mg/m ³	Total
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0.00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0.00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0.00015 mg/m ³	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	15 minute	0.01 mg/m ³	
	8 hour	0.002 mg/m ³	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	15 minute	0.06 mg/m ³	
	8 hour	0.02 mg/m ³	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	15 minute	3 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.6 mg/m ³	Fume.
	8 hour	1 mg/m ³	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m ³	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	15 minute	0.15 mg/m ³	
	8 hour	0.05 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	15 minute	3 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	8 hour	1.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	15 µg/l	Cobalt	Urine	*
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	200 µg/l	Lead	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation**

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.

Other

Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin lesions.

Respiratory protection

When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Various shapes.

Color

Copper.

Odor

Not applicable.

Odor threshold

Not applicable.

pH

Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point

1981.4 °F (1083 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range

4703 °F (2595 °C) estimated

Flash point

Not applicable.

Evaporation rate

Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure

0.79 hPa estimated

Vapor density

Not applicable.

Relative density

Not applicable.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not applicable.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature

Not applicable.

Viscosity

Not applicable.

Other information

Density	8.82 g/cm ³ estimated
Flammability	Not applicable.
Specific gravity	8.82 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Not available.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.
Incompatible materials	Do not mix with other chemicals. None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause sensitization by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin contact	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Eye contact	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. Lead is absorbed into the body by ingestion.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Respiratory disorder.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction.
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Skin corrosion/irritation	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
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Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Harmful in contact with eyes.
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Respiratory or skin sensitization

ACGIH sensitization

BERYLLIUM AND COMPOUNDS, SOLUBLE AND INSOLUBLE COMPOUNDS, AS BE, INHALABLE FRACTION (CAS 7440-41-7)	Respiratory sensitization
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Cobalt and inorganic compounds, as Co (CAS 7440-48-4)	Dermal sensitization
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	Respiratory sensitization
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Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Dermal sensitization

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Dermal sensitization
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Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Respiratory sensitization

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	Respiratory sensitization
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Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Respiratory sensitization
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Canada - Quebec OELs: Sensitizer

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	Sensitizer.
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Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Sensitizer.
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Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
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Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
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Carcinogenicity

Cancer hazard.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

A1 Confirmed human carcinogen.

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

A5 Not suspected as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

Confirmed human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

Confirmed human carcinogen.

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Not suspected as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

Detected carcinogenic effect in humans.

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Aspiration hazard

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Chronic effects

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contains lead. Danger of cumulative effects (may cause damage to blood, kidneys and the nervous system).

Further information

Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information**Ecotoxicity**

Components	Species	Test Results
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Blue crab (<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>) 0.0031 mg/l
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 0.0219 - 0.0446 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.06 mg/l, 4 days

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.
Waste from residues / unused products	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.
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15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.
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Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)

Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 03-08-2017

Revision date 04-19-2021

Version # 04

Further information Transportation Emergency
Call Chemtrec at:
International: 703.741.5970
Spain: 900.868.538
Switzerland: 0800.564.402
Chemtrec's toll free, mobile-enabled number in Germany – 0800 1817059

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