



PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

MATERION

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture	Metallized Beryllia Ceramic
Registration number	-
Document number	C11
Synonyms	Beryllium Oxide, Beryllia, Thermalox, Thermolox 995 , BW1000, BW 3250, BWTF, Durox - CR
Issue date	22-December-2015
Version number	04
Revision date	28-April-2021
Supersedes date	12-January-2021

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment Scientific research and development Other: Manufacture of medical and defense equipment
Uses advised against	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) Casting, grinding or polishing of beryllium-containing alloys by artists; Casting, grinding or polishing of beryllium-containing alloys for dental crowns, appliances or prosthetics; Casting, grinding or polishing of beryllium-containing alloys for jewelry. Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the product information sheet

Materion Brush Inc.
6070 Parkland Boulevard
Mayfield Heights, OH 44124
United States
ehs@materion.com
www.materion.com
+1.216.383.4019

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A	H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 (Respiratory system)	H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Hazard summary May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended**Contains:** beryllium oxide, Gold, Manganese, Molybdenum, NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM], Silica, Titanium, Tungsten**Hazard pictograms****Signal word** Danger**Hazard statements**

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
 H372 Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Precautionary statements**Prevention**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P260 Do not breathe dust/fume.
 P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P302 + P350 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
 P304 + P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison centre/doctor.
 P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

2.3. Other hazards None known.**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2. Mixtures****General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
beryllium oxide	80 - 97	1304-56-9 215-133-1	-	004-003-00-8	#
Classification: Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT RE 1;H372					
Molybdenum	0 - 10	7439-98-7 231-107-2	-	-	
Classification: -					
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM]	0 - 10	7440-02-0 231-111-4	01-2119438727-29-0049	028-002-00-7	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT SE 3;H335, Carc. 2;H351, STOT RE 2;H373					
Silica	0 - 4	14808-60-7 238-878-4	-	-	#
Classification: Carc. 1A;H350					
Manganese	0 - 2	7439-96-5 231-105-1	-	-	#
Classification: -					

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Titanium	0 - 2	7440-32-6 231-142-3	-	-	
Classification: -					
Tungsten	0 - 2	7440-33-7 231-143-9	-	-	
Classification: -					
Gold	0 - 1	7440-57-5 231-165-9	-	-	
Classification: -					

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. As supplied, there is no immediate medical risk with beryllium products in article form. First aid measures provided are related to particulate containing beryllium.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of particulate requires immediate removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical help.

Skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Thoroughly wash skin cuts or wounds to remove all particulate debris from the wound. Seek medical attention for wounds that cannot be thoroughly cleansed. Treat skin cuts and wounds with standard first aid practices such as cleansing, disinfecting and covering to prevent wound infection and contamination before continuing work. Obtain medical help for persistent irritation. Material accidentally implanted or lodged under the skin must be removed.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The beryllium oxide in the product is not known to cause acute health effects. Inhaling particulate containing beryllium oxide can cause a serious, chronic lung disease called Chronic Beryllium Disease (CBD) in some individuals. Inhaling particulate containing beryllium oxide can cause a serious, chronic lung disease called Chronic Beryllium Disease (CBD) in some individuals.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. In view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. Other treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases. In general, treatment is reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians.

In their 2014 official statement on the Diagnosis and Management of Beryllium Sensitivity and Chronic Beryllium Disease, the American Thoracic Society states that "it seems prudent for workers with BeS to avoid all future occupational exposure to beryllium."

The effects of continued low exposure to beryllium are unknown for individuals who are sensitized to beryllium or who have a diagnosis of chronic beryllium disease. It is generally recommended that persons who are sensitized to beryllium or who have CBD terminate their occupational exposure to beryllium.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards

Not available.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

The product is non-combustible. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Not available.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.
Special firefighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.
Specific methods	Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
For emergency responders	Not available.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the PIS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the PIS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep locked-up. Avoid contact with acids and alkalies. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Austria. MAK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBl. II, no. 184/2001

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	MAK	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
	STEL	1,6 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)		0,16 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
	MAK	10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	20 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	MAK	0,15 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	MAK	5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Austria. TRK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBl. II, no. 184/2001

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,008 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Austria. TRK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBl. II, no. 184/2001

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,008 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	STEL	2 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.

Belgium. Exposure Limit Values Material

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,01 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,01 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,00005 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Bulgaria. OELs. Regulation No 13 on protection of workers against risks of exposure to chemical agents at work

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,07 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	

Croatia. Dangerous Substance Exposure Limit Values in the Workplace (ELVs), Annexes 1 and 2, Narodne Novine, 13/09

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	MAC	0,002 mg/m3	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	MAC	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	MAC	0,2 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

Croatia. Dangerous Substance Exposure Limit Values in the Workplace (ELVs), Annexes 1 and 2, Narodne Novine, 13/09

Components	Type	Value	Form
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	MAC	0,5 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	MAC	0,1 mg/m ³	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	MAC	5 mg/m ³	
	STEL	3 mg/m ³	

Cyprus. OELs. Control of factory atmosphere and dangerous substances in factories regulation, PI 311/73, as amended.

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	

Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0,001 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0,001 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	0,4 mg/m ³	Aerosol, inhalable.
	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Aerosol, inhalable.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	Ceiling	25 mg/m ³	
	TWA	5 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	Ceiling	1 mg/m ³	Aerosol, inhalable.
	TWA	0,5 mg/m ³	Aerosol, inhalable.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

Denmark. Exposure Limit Values

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TLV	0,001 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TLV	0,001 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TLV	0,2 mg/m ³	Dust.
		0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fume.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fume.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TLV	10 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TLV	0,05 mg/m ³	Dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TLV	0,3 mg/m ³	Total
		0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable.

Denmark. Exposure Limit Values Components

Components	Type	Value	Form
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TLV	5 mg/m3	Dust.

Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances (Regulation No. 105/2001, Annex), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Total dust, respiratory fraction
		0,05 mg/m3	Fine dust, respiratory fraction
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fine dust, respiratory fraction
		10 mg/m3	Total dust, respiratory fraction
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Fine dust, respiratory fraction
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances. (Annex of Regulation No. 293 of 18 September 2001)

Material	Type	Value
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3

Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,0004 mg/m3	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,0004 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,0001 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
		0,02 mg/m3	Respirable.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,01 mg/m3	Respirable.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	Respirable.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

France. Threshold Limit Values (VLEP) for Occupational Exposure to Chemicals in France, INRS ED 984

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	VME	0,002 mg/m3	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	VME	0,002 mg/m3	
Regulatory status: Indicative limit (VL)			
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	VME	1 mg/m3	Fume.
Regulatory status: Indicative limit (VL)			
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	VME	1 mg/m3	
Regulatory status: Indicative limit (VL)			

France. Threshold Limit Values (VLEP) for Occupational Exposure to Chemicals in France, INRS ED 984

Components	Type	Value	Form
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	VME	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Regulatory status: Regulatory binding (VRC)

Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Germany. TRGS 900, Limit Values in the Ambient Air at the Workplace

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	AGW	0,00014 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,00006 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	AGW	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	AGW	0,03 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,006 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,005 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,005 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	

Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Chemical Safety of Workplaces

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	60 mg/m ³	
	TWA	15 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	Ceiling	0,1 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,15 mg/m ³	Respirable.

Iceland. OELs. Regulation 154/1999 on occupational exposure limits

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,001 mg/m ³	Dust.
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,001 mg/m ³	Dust.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	5 mg/m ³	Total dust.

Iceland. OELs. Regulation 154/1999 on occupational exposure limits

Components	Type	Value	Form
	TWA	2,5 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
		0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m ³	Dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,3 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Dust.

Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits Material

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,0002 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0,00005 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m ³	Inhalable fume.
	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fume.
		0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m ³	Respirable fume.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m ³	
	TWA	5 mg/m ³	

Italy. Occupational Exposure Limits Material

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1,5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Latvia. OELs. Occupational exposure limit values of chemical substances in work environment

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,1 mg/m ³	Welding fume.
		0,05 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m ³	
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for Chemical Substances, General Requirements

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m ³	
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	

Luxembourg. Binding Occupational exposure limit values (Annex I), Memorial A

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Alveolar fraction

Netherlands. OELs (binding)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,075 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TLV	0,001 mg/m ³	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TLV	0,001 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TLV	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TLV	10 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TLV	0,05 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TLV	0,3 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace

Components	Type	Value	Form
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TLV	5 mg/m ³	

Poland. Ordinance of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy on 6 June 2014 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful health factors in the work environment, Journal of Laws 2014, item 817

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,0002 mg/m ³	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	10 mg/m ³	
	TWA	4 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,25 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	STEL	30 mg/m ³	
	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Portugal. OELs. Decree-Law n. 290/2001 (Journal of the Republic - 1 Series A, n.266)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupational exposure to chemical agents (NP 1796)

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,01 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,00005 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1,5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m ³	
	TWA	5 mg/m ³	

Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m ³	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace

Components	Type	Value	Form
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	STEL	0,5 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	STEL	15 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	6 mg/m3	
	TWA	2 mg/m3	

Slovakia. OELs for carcinogens and mutagens. Regulation No. 46/2002 on carcinogenic and mutagenic substances

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

Slovakia. OELs. Regulation No. 300/2007 concerning protection of health in work with chemical agents

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Slovenia. CMR. Protection of workers from exposure to carcinogen and mutagen agents (ULRS 101/2005, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3

Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,006 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

Spain. Carcinogens and Mutagens with Limit Values (Table 2)

Material	Type	Value
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,0002 mg/m3
Components	Type	Value
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m3

Spain. Occupational Exposure Limits Components

Material	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Sweden. OELs. Work Environment Authority (AV), Occupational Exposure Limit Values (AFS 2015:7)

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Total dust.
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Total dust.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
		0,05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	Total dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Total dust.

Switzerland. SUVA Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,15 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	0,05 mg/m ³ 20 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m ³	
	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	5 mg/m ³	
	TWA		

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

EU. OELs, Directive 2004/37/EC on carcinogen and mutagens from Annex III, Part A

Components	Type	Value	Form
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction and dust

Biological limit values**Czech Republic. Limit Values for Indicators of Biological Exposure Tests in Urine and Blood, Annex 2, Tables 1 and 2, Government Decree 432/2003 Sb.**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,077 µmol/mmol	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*
	0,04 mg/g	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Finland. HTP-arvot, App 2., Biological Limit Values, (BRA/BGV), Social Affairs and Ministry of Health

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,1 µmol/l	Nickel	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Hungary. Chemical Safety at Workplace Ordinance Joint Decree No. 25/2000 (Annex 2): Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,02 mg/g	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*
	0,038 µmol/mmol	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Switzerland. BAT-Werte (Biological Limit Values in the Workplace as per SUVA)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	20 µg/l	Mangan	Blood	*
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	45 µg/l	Nickel	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Recommended monitoring procedures

VENTILATION: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

WET METHODS: Machining operations are usually performed under a liquid lubricant/coolant flood which assists in reducing airborne particulate. However, the cycling through of machine coolant containing finely divided particulate in suspension can result in the concentration building to a point where the particulate may become airborne during use. Certain processes such as sanding and grinding may require complete hooded containment and local exhaust ventilation. Prevent coolant from splashing onto floor areas, external structures or operators' clothing. Utilize a coolant filtering system to remove particulate from the coolant.

WORK PRACTICES: Develop work practices and procedures that prevent particulate from coming in contact with worker skin, hair, or personal clothing. If work practices and/or procedures are ineffective in controlling airborne exposure or visual particulate from deposition on skin, hair, or clothing, provide appropriate cleaning/washing facilities. Procedures should be written that clearly communicate the facility's requirements for protective clothing and personal hygiene. These clothing and personal hygiene requirements help keep particulate from being spread to non-production areas or from being taken home by the worker. Never use compressed air to clean work clothing or other surfaces.

Fabrication processes may leave a residue of particulate on the surface of parts, products or equipment that could result in employee exposure during subsequent material handling activities. As necessary, clean loose particulate from parts between processing steps. As a standard hygiene practice, wash hands before eating or smoking.

HOUSEKEEPING: Use vacuum and wet cleaning methods for particulate removal from surfaces. Be certain to de-energize electrical systems, as necessary, before beginning wet cleaning. Use vacuum cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA). Do not use compressed air, brooms, or conventional vacuum cleaners to remove particulate from surfaces as this activity can result in elevated exposures to airborne particulate. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when performing maintenance on HEPA filtered vacuums used to clean hazardous materials.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Not available.

Exposure guidelines

Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)

NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM]
(CAS 7440-02-0)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information

Not available.

Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

Skin protection

- Hand protection	Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.
- Other	Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin lesions.
Respiratory protection	When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.
Environmental exposure controls	Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Various shapes.
Colour	Grayish-white
Odour	Not applicable.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1064,76 °C (1948,57 °F) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	2061 °C (3741,8 °F) estimated
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	0,05 hPa estimated
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not applicable.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information

Density	4,55 g/cm ³ estimated
Specific gravity	4,55 estimated

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	Not available.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause sensitisation by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes.
Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.

Symptoms Respiratory disorder.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Harmful in contact with eyes.
Respiratory sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Cancer hazard.

Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordinance on protection against and preventing risk relating to exposure to carcinogens at work (as amended)

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Slovenia. CMR. Protection of workers from exposure to carcinogen and mutagen agents (ULRS 101/2005, as amended)

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9) Carcinogenic, Category 1B.

Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)

NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0) Carcinogenic, Category 2.

Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Aspiration hazard	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.
Other information	Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Product		Species	Test Results
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic			
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2000 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	0,6 mg/l, 4 days estimated
Components		Species	Test Results

NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0,06 mg/l, 4 days
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* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

12.2. Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow) Not available.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil Not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.

12.6. Other adverse effects Not available.

12.7. Additional information

Estonia Dangerous substances in soil Data

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Beryllium (Be) 10 mg/kg Beryllium (Be) 2 mg/kg Beryllium (Be) 50 mg/kg
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	Molybdenum (Mo) 10 mg/kg Molybdenum (Mo) 20 mg/kg Molybdenum (Mo) 200 mg/kg
NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)	Nickel (Ni) 150 mg/kg Nickel (Ni) 50 mg/kg Nickel (Ni) 500 mg/kg

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

Disposal methods/information Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

NICKEL POWDER; [PARTICLE DIAMETER < 1MM] (CAS 7440-02-0)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

Other regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure.

National regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

Not available.

References

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Not available.

Training information

Not available.

Further information

Transportation Emergency

Call Chemtrec at:

International: 703.741.5970

Spain: 900.868.538

Switzerland: 0800.564.402

Chemtrec's toll free, mobile-enabled number in Germany – 0800 1817059

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