



# PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

**MATERION**

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

<b>Trade name or designation of the mixture</b>	Metallized Beryllia Ceramic
<b>Synonyms</b>	Beryllium Oxide, Beryllia, Thermalox, Thermolox 995 , BW1000, BW 3250, BWTF, Durox - CR
<b>Document number</b>	C11
<b>Issue date</b>	22-December-2015
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<b>Revision date</b>	01-March-2016
<b>Supersedes date</b>	29-February-2016

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<b>Identified uses</b>	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment
<b>Uses advised against</b>	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the product information sheet

#### Supplier

<b>Company name</b>	Materion Brush Inc.
<b>Address</b>	6070 Parkland Boulevard Mayfield Heights, OH 44124 United States

#### Division

<b>Telephone</b>	1.216.383.4019
<b>e-mail</b>	ehs@materion.com
<b>Contact person</b>	Theodore Knudson

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

##### Health hazards

Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A	H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 (Respiratory system)	H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

#### Hazard summary

May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

**Contains:** Beryllium Oxide, Gold, Manganese, Molybdenum, Nickel, Silica, Titanium, Tungsten

#### Hazard pictograms



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statements</b>	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

##### Response

P302 + P350	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

##### Storage

P405	Store locked up.
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##### Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
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#### Supplemental label information

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

##### General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Beryllium Oxide	80 - 97	1304-56-9 215-133-1	-	004-003-00-8	
<b>Classification:</b>	Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT RE 1;H372				
Molybdenum	0 - 10	7439-98-7 231-107-2	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	-				
Nickel	0 - 10	7440-02-0 231-111-4	01-2119438727-29-0049	028-002-00-7	
<b>Classification:</b>	Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT SE 3;H335, Carc. 2;H351, STOT RE 2;H373				
Silica	0 - 4	14808-60-7 238-878-4	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	Carc. 1A;H350				
Manganese	0 - 2	7439-96-5 231-105-1	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	-				
Titanium	0 - 2	7440-32-6 231-142-3	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	-				

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Tungsten	0 - 2	7440-33-7 231-143-9	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	-				
Gold	0 - 1	7440-57-5 231-165-9	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	-				

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**General information** If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. As supplied, there is no immediate medical risk with beryllium products in article form. First aid measures provided are related to particulate containing beryllium.

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of particulate requires immediate removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical help.

**Skin contact** Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Thoroughly wash skin cuts or wounds to remove all particulate debris from the wound. Seek medical attention for wounds that cannot be thoroughly cleansed. Treat skin cuts and wounds with standard first aid practices such as cleansing, disinfecting and covering to prevent wound infection and contamination before continuing work. Obtain medical help for persistent irritation. Material accidentally implanted or lodged under the skin must be removed.

**Eye contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

**Ingestion** If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The beryllium oxide in the product is not known to cause acute health effects. Inhaling particulate containing beryllium oxide can cause a serious, chronic lung disease called Chronic Beryllium Disease (CBD) in some individuals. Inhaling particulate containing beryllium oxide can cause a serious, chronic lung disease called Chronic Beryllium Disease (CBD) in some individuals.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. These latter agents remain investigational. Further, in view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. In general, these medications should be reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. Other symptomatic treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases.

The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians. For the most part, treatment is reserved for those persons with symptoms and measurable loss of lung function. The value of starting oral steroid treatment, before signs or symptoms are evident, remains a medically unresolved issue.

The effects of continued low exposure to beryllium are unknown for individuals who are sensitized to beryllium or who have a diagnosis of chronic beryllium disease. It is generally recommended that persons who are sensitized to beryllium or who have CBD terminate their occupational exposure to beryllium.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**General fire hazards** Not available.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** The product is non-combustible. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.
<b>5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture</b>	Not available.
<b>5.3. Advice for firefighters</b>	
<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.
<b>Special firefighting procedures</b>	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>For non-emergency personnel</b>	In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	Not available.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the PIS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the PIS.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep locked-up. Avoid contact with acids and alkalies. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

##### Austria. MAK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBl. II, no. 184/2001

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	MAK	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	MAK	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	MAK	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	MAK	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.

##### Austria. TRK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBl. II, no. 184/2001

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,008 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,008 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.

**Belgium. Exposure Limit Values.**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,01 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,01 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Bulgaria. OELs. Regulation No 13 on protection of workers against risks of exposure to chemical agents at work**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,3 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,07 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	

**Croatia. Dangerous Substance Exposure Limit Values in the Workplace (ELVs), Annexes 1 and 2, Narodne Novine, 13/09**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	MAC	0,002 mg/m3
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	MAC	0,002 mg/m3
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	MAC	0,5 mg/m3
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	MAC	0,5 mg/m3
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	MAC	0,1 mg/m3
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	MAC	5 mg/m3
	STEL	3 mg/m3

**Cyprus. OELs. Control of factory atmosphere and dangerous substances in factories regulation, PI 311/73, as amended.**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3

**Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,001 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,001 mg/m3	

**Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	Ceiling	25 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Ceiling	1 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

**Denmark. Exposure Limit Values Material**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TLV	0,001 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TLV	0,001 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TLV	0,2 mg/m3	Fume.
		0,2 mg/m3	Dust.
		0,1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TLV	10 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TLV	0,05 mg/m3	Dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TLV	0,3 mg/m3	Total
		0,1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TLV	5 mg/m3	Dust.

**Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances. (Annex of Regulation No. 293 of 18 September 2001)**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,0004 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,0004 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,0001 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable dust.
		0,02 mg/m3	Respirable.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,01 mg/m3	Respirable.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	Respirable.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**France. Threshold Limit Values (VLEP) for Occupational Exposure to Chemicals in France, INRS ED 984 Material**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	VME	0,002 mg/m3

**France. Threshold Limit Values (VLEP) for Occupational Exposure to Chemicals in France, INRS ED 984**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	VME	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	VME	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	VME	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	VME	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.

**Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
		0,02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.

**Germany. TRGS 900, Limit Values in the Ambient Air at the Workplace**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	AGW	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.

**Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Chemical Safety of Workplaces**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL	60 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Ceiling	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable.

**Iceland. OELs. Regulation 154/1999 on occupational exposure limits**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,001 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust.
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,001 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
	TWA	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
		0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust.

**Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	0,00005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,0002 mg/m3	
	TWA	0,00005 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Fume.
		0,2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Italy. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,00005 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,00005 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1,5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Latvia. OELs. Occupational exposure limit values of chemical substances in work environment**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,05 mg/m3	
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	

**Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for Chemical Substances, General Requirements**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m3	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Netherlands. OELs (binding)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,075 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

**Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TLV	0,001 mg/m3	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TLV	0,001 mg/m3	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TLV	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0,1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.



**Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TLV	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TLV	0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TLV	0,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
		0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TLV	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Poland. MACs. Minister of Labour and Social Policy Regarding Maximum Allowable Concentrations and Intensities in Working Environment**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
		0,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	STEL	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.

**Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupational exposure to chemical agents (NP 1796)**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	STEL	0,01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	STEL	0,01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	STEL	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	STEL	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace**

Components	Type	Value	Form
	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Romania. OELs/CMRs. Protection of workers from exposure to carcinogen and mutagen agents. Hotarâre Nr. 1093 din 16 august 2006, Annex 3**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.

**Slovakia. OELs for carcinogens and mutagens. Regulation No. 46/2002 on carcinogenic and mutagenic substances**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.

**Slovakia. OELs. Regulation No. 300/2007 concerning protection of health in work with chemical agents**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Slovenia. CMR. Protection of workers from exposure to carcinogen and mutagen agents (ULRS 101/2005, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.

**Spain. Carcinogens and Mutagens with Limit Values (Table 2)**

Material	Type	Value
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Components	Type	Value	Form
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Spain. Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Sweden. Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.

**Sweden. Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust. Respirable dust.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust. Total dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.

**Switzerland. SUVA Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.

**UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)**

Material	Type	Value	Form
Metallized Beryllia Ceramic	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	TWA	0,002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable.
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Biological limit values****Czech Republic. Limit Values for Indicators of Biological Exposure Tests in Urine and Blood, Annex 2, Tables 1 and 2, Government Decree 432/2003 Sb.**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,077 µmol/mmol	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*
	0,04 mg/g	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Finland. HTP-arvot, App 2., Biological Limit Values, (BRA/BGV), Social Affairs and Ministry of Health**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,1 µmol/l	Nickel	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Hungary. Chemical Safety at Workplace Ordinance Joint Decree No. 25/2000 (Annex 2): Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	0,02 mg/g	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*
	0,038 µmol/mmol	Nickel	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Switzerland. BAT-Werte (Biological Limit Values in the Workplace as per SUVA)**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	20 µg/l	Mangan	Blood	*
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	45 µg/l	Nickel	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

**VENTILATION:** Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

**WET METHODS:** Machining operations are usually performed under a liquid lubricant/coolant flood which assists in reducing airborne particulate. However, the cycling through of machine coolant containing finely divided particulate in suspension can result in the concentration building to a point where the particulate may become airborne during use. Certain processes such as sanding and grinding may require complete hooded containment and local exhaust ventilation. Prevent coolant from splashing onto floor areas, external structures or operators' clothing. Utilize a coolant filtering system to remove particulate from the coolant.

**WORK PRACTICES:** Develop work practices and procedures that prevent particulate from coming in contact with worker skin, hair, or personal clothing. If work practices and/or procedures are ineffective in controlling airborne exposure or visual particulate from deposition on skin, hair, or clothing, provide appropriate cleaning/washing facilities. Procedures should be written that clearly communicate the facility's requirements for protective clothing and personal hygiene. These clothing and personal hygiene requirements help keep particulate from being spread to non-production areas or from being taken home by the worker. Never use compressed air to clean work clothing or other surfaces.

Fabrication processes may leave a residue of particulate on the surface of parts, products or equipment that could result in employee exposure during subsequent material handling activities. As necessary, clean loose particulate from parts between processing steps. As a standard hygiene practice, wash hands before eating or smoking.

**HOUSEKEEPING:** Use vacuum and wet cleaning methods for particulate removal from surfaces. Be certain to de-energize electrical systems, as necessary, before beginning wet cleaning. Use vacuum cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA). Do not use compressed air, brooms, or conventional vacuum cleaners to remove particulate from surfaces as this activity can result in elevated exposures to airborne particulate. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when performing maintenance on HEPA filtered vacuums used to clean hazardous materials.

**Derived no effect levels (DNELs)**

Not available.

**Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)**

Not available.

**8.2. Exposure controls****Appropriate engineering controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****General information**

Not available.

**Eye/face protection**

Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

**Skin protection**

<b>- Hand protection</b>	Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.
<b>- Other</b>	Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin lesions.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Solid.
<b>Form</b>	Various shapes.
<b>Colour</b>	Grayish-white
<b>Odour</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	1064,76 °C (1948,57 °F) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	2061 °C (3741,8 °F) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Explosive limit – upper (%)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	0,05 hPa estimated
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Solubility (other)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not available.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not available.

## 9.2. Other information

Density	4,55 g/cm <sup>3</sup> estimated
Specific gravity	4,55 estimated

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	Not available.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause sensitisation by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Harmful in contact with eyes.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Toxic if swallowed.

**Symptoms** Respiratory disorder.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Harmful in contact with eyes.
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Cancer hazard.

### Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordinance on protection against and preventing risk relating to exposure to carcinogens at work (as amended)

Not listed.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.

### Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Carcinogen category 2.
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<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Mixture versus substance information</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	Symptoms may be delayed.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	No toxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.

<b>12.3. Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)</b>	Not available.
<b>Bioconcentration factor (BCF)</b>	Not available.
<b>12.4. Mobility in soil</b>	Not available.
<b>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.
<b>12.6. Other adverse effects</b>	Not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

<b>Residual waste</b>	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
<b>EU waste code</b>	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.
<b>Disposal methods/information</b>	Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU regulations

##### **Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants, Annex I**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended**

Not listed.

##### **Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA**

Not listed.

#### Authorisations

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended**

Not listed.

**Restrictions on use**

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use**

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended**

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

**Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.**

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

**Other EU regulations**

**Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended**

Beryllium Oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

**Other regulations**

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure.

**National regulations**

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended.

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**List of abbreviations**

Not available.

**References**

Not available.

**Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture**

Not available.

**Training information**

Not available.

**Other information**

Clarifying information on exposure guidelines was provided in Section 8.

**Disclaimer**

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