



PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

MATERION

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture Metallized Alumina Ceramic
Synonyms Aluminum Oxide, Alumina, Al₂O₃, Durox AL, Durox UHP
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1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Not available.
Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the product information sheet

Supplier

Company name Materion Brush Inc.
Address 6070 Parkland Boulevard
Mayfield Heights, OH 44124
United States

Division

Telephone 1.216.383.4019
e-mail ehs@materion.com
Contact person Theodore Knudson

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1.216.383.4019

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 1	H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A	H350 - May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 2 (Respiratory system)	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard summary

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause cancer. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Possible reproductive hazard. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Aluminium oxide, Gold, Molybdenum, Nickel, Silica, Titanium, Tungsten

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284	Wear respiratory protection.

Response

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison centre/doctor.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage

P405	Store locked up.
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Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
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Supplemental label information

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

2.3. Other hazards

Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Aluminium oxide	80 - 95	1344-28-1 215-691-6	-	-	
Classification:	-				
Molybdenum	0 - 10	7439-98-7 231-107-2	-	-	
Classification:	-				
Nickel	0 - 10	7440-02-0 231-111-4	01-2119438727-29-0049	028-002-00-7	
Classification:	Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT SE 3;H335, Carc. 2;H351, STOT RE 2;H373				7,S
Silica	0 - 4	14808-60-7 238-878-4	-	-	
Classification:	Carc. 1A;H350				
Manganese	0 - 2	7439-96-5 231-105-1	-	-	#
Classification:	-				

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Titanium	0 - 2	7440-32-6 231-142-3	-	-	
Classification:	-				
Tungsten	0 - 2	7440-33-7 231-143-9	-	-	
Classification:	-				
Gold	0 - 1	7440-57-5 231-165-9	-	-	
Classification:	-				

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special firefighting procedures

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections Not available.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

7.3. Specific end use(s) Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Poland. MACs. Regulation regarding maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful factors in the work environment, Annex 1

Components	Type	Value	Form
Aluminium oxide (CAS 1344-28-1)	TWA	2,5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	1,2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m ³	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	4 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,25 mg/m ³	
Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		0,3 mg/m ³	
Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)	STEL	30 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		10 mg/m ³	
Tungsten (CAS 7440-33-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU

Components	Type	Value	Form
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0,2 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
		0,05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures VENTILATION: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs) Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection

If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended. Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.

- Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities.

Respiratory protection

Use a particulate filter respirator for particulate concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit. When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

Hygiene measures

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Solid. Various shapes.

Colour

White. Off-white. Grey. Gold.

Odour

None.

Odour threshold

Not applicable.

pH

Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point

2050 °C (3722 °F) estimated / Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not applicable.

Flash point

Not applicable.

Evaporation rate

Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - lower (%) temperature

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%) temperature

Not applicable.

Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Density	3,95 g/cm ³ estimated
Flammability	Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Information on likely routes of exposure	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.
Symptoms	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	Not known.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B

Silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Carcinogenic to humans. 1

Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.
Other information	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Not listed.

Other regulations

Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure. The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. Additional information is given in the Safety Data Sheet.

National regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.

This safety data sheet conforms to the following laws, regulations and standards:

Act on the management of packaging and packaging waste of June 13, 2013

Regulation of the Minister of Health of June 11, 2012 on the categories of dangerous substances and dangerous preparations whose packaging should be fitted with child-resistant closures and a tactile warning of danger

REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF HEALTH of February 2, 2011 on tests and measurements of factors harmful to health in working environments

Regulation of Ministry of Labor and Social Policy of November 29, 2002. On the matter of maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful factors in the work environment (Journal of Laws No. 217, item. 1,833)

Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended.

Poland. Substances that could yield hazardous waste (Law on waste, DZ.U. poz. 21/2013, Annex 4)

Not listed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculator methods and test data, if available.

Further information

Transportation Emergency
Call Chemtrec at:
Domestic: 800.424.9300
International: 703.527.3887

Disclaimer

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To avoid any misunderstandings or incorrect assumptions by the receiver of the safety information, it should be made clear that the supplied information is not in the form of a Safety Data Sheet (SDS), but is actually a voluntary Product Information Sheet closely following the guidelines of the Safety Data Sheet – COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 (REACH/SDS).