# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Beryllium Oxide Powder **Identification number** 004-003-00-8 (Index number) 01-211948713437-0000 Registration number

**Document number** 

Beryllium Oxide \* BeO \* UOX \* GCHF **Synonyms** 

28-April-2017 **Issue date** 

**Version number** 03

**Revision date** 04-May-2021 Supersedes date 20-January-2021

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Scientific research and development

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Materion Brush Inc. 6070 Parkland Boulevard Mayfield Heights, OH 44124

**United States** ehs@materion.com www.materion.com +1.216.383.4019

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses advised against Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Materion Brush Inc. 6070 Parkland Boulevard Mayfield Heights, OH 44124

United States ehs@materion.com www.materion.com +1.216.383.4019

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

### **Health hazards**

Acute toxicity, oral Category 3 H301 - Toxic if swallowed. Acute toxicity, inhalation H330 - Fatal if inhaled. Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye

irritation.

Skin sensitisation Category 1 H317 - May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder SDS HUNGARY

2254 Version #: 03 Revision date: 04-May-2021 Issue date: 28-April-2017

Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1B H350i - May cause cancer by

inhalation.

H335 - May cause respiratory Specific target organ toxicity - single exposureCategory 3 respiratory tract irritation

irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure

Category 1 (Respiratory system)

H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

**DANGER Hazard summary** 

Fatal if inhaled. Very toxic. Harmful in contact with eyes. Cancer hazard. May cause an allergic skin

reaction. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure.

### 2.2. Label elements

## Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

beryllium oxide **Contains:** 

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word Danger

## **Hazard statements**

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye irritation. H319

Fatal if inhaled. H330

May cause respiratory irritation. H335 May cause cancer by inhalation. H350i

Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by H372

inhalation.

### **Precautionary statements**

### **Prevention**

P201 Ob	tain special instructions before use.
---------	---------------------------------------

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P202

Do not breathe dust/fume. P260 Wash thoroughly after handling. P264

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P270

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P272 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P285

Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P304 + P340

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P302 + P350

If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre/doctor. P308 + P311 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P333 + P313 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison centre/doctor. P342 + P311

Storage

Store locked up. P405

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. P501

Supplemental label

information

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

2.3. Other hazards None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder SDS HUNGARY **General information** 

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes	
beryllium oxide	100	1304-56-9 215-133-1	01-211948713437-0000	004-003-00-8	#	
	Classification: Acute Tox. 3;H301, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Acute Tox. 2;H330, STOT SE 3;H335, Carc. 1B;H350i, STOT RE 1;H372					

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**General information** 

If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. As supplied, there is no immediate medical risk with beryllium products in article form. First aid measures provided are related to particulate containing beryllium.

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** 

If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of particulate requires immediate removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical help.

Skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Thoroughly wash skin cuts or wounds to remove all particulate debris from the wound. Seek medical attention for wounds that cannot be thoroughly cleansed. Treat skin cuts and wounds with standard first aid practices such as cleansing, disinfecting and covering to prevent wound infection and contamination before continuing work. Obtain medical help for persistent irritation. Material accidentally implanted or lodged under the skin must be removed.

**Eye contact** 

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause allergic skin reaction. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. In view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. Other treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases. In general, treatment is reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians.

In their 2014 official statement on the Diagnosis and Management of Beryllium Sensitivity and Chronic Beryllium Disease, the American Thoracic Society states that "it seems prudent for workers with BeS to avoid all future occupational exposure to beryllium."

The effects of continued low exposure to beryllium are unknown for individuals who are sensitized to beryllium or who have a diagnosis of chronic beryllium disease. It is generally recommended that persons who are sensitized to beryllium or who have CBD terminate their occupational exposure to beryllium.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**General fire hazards** 

Not available.

5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media

The product is non-combustible. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to loca circumstances and the surrounding environment.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not available.

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder

2254 Version #: 03 Revision date: 04-May-2021 Issue date: 28-April-2017

3 / 10

5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Special protective** equipment for firefighters

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.

Special firefighting

procedures

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental

damage.

Specific methods Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other

persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

For emergency responders

Not available.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the PIS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the PIS.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe

handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Value

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep locked-up. Avoid contact with acids and alkalies. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s) Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Chemical Safety of Workplaces

Placeilai	туре	Value	
beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)	Ceiling	0,002 mg/m3	

EU. OELs, Directive 2004/37/EC on carcinogen and mutagens from Annex III, Part A

**Material Type Value Form** bervllium oxide (CAS TWA 0,0002 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction. 1304-56-9)

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

2254 Version #: 03 Revision date: 04-May-2021 Issue date: 28-April-2017

# Recommended monitoring procedures

VENTILATION: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

WET METHODS: Machining operations are usually performed under a liquid lubricant/coolant flood which assists in reducing airborne particulate. However, the cycling through of machine coolant containing finely divided particulate in suspension can result in the concentration building to a point where the particulate may become airborne during use. Certain processes such as sanding and grinding may require complete hooded containment and local exhaust ventilation. Prevent coolant from splashing onto floor areas, external structures or operators' clothing. Utilize a coolant filtering system to remove particulate from the coolant.

WORK PRACTICES: Develop work practices and procedures that prevent particulate from coming in contact with worker skin, hair, or personal clothing. If work practices and/or procedures are ineffective in controlling airborne exposure or visual particulate from deposition on skin, hair, or clothing, provide appropriate cleaning/washing facilities. Procedures should be written that clearly communicate the facility's requirements for protective clothing and personal hygiene. These clothing and personal hygiene requirements help keep particulate from being spread to non-production areas or from being taken home by the worker. Never use compressed air to clean work clothing or other surfaces.

Fabrication processes may leave a residue of particulate on the surface of parts, products or equipment that could result in employee exposure during subsequent material handling activities. As necessary, clean loose particulate from parts between processing steps. As a standard hygiene practice, wash hands before eating or smoking.

HOUSEKEEPING: Use vacuum and wet cleaning methods for particulate removal from surfaces. Be certain to de-energize electrical systems, as necessary, before beginning wet cleaning. Use vacuum cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA). Do not use compressed air, brooms, or conventional vacuum cleaners to remove particulate from surfaces as this activity can result in elevated exposures to airborne particulate. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when performing maintenance on HEPA filtered vacuums used to clean hazardous materials.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information** Not available.

**Eye/face protection** Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury

is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

Skin protection

- **Hand protection** Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and

skin abrasions during handling.

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder SDS HUNGARY

- Other Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion

with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin

lesions

**Respiratory protection** When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits,

approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures

such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.

**Thermal hazards** Not applicable.

**Hygiene measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** Solid. **Form** Powder.

Colour Clear. Off-white.

Odour Not applicable.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

PH Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point 2530 °C (4586 °F)

Tritial boiling point and 2787 °C (6848 6 8)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

3787 °C (6848,6 °F)

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not applicable.

(%)

Flammability limit -

upper (%)

Not applicable.

**Explosive limit - lower (** 

0/s \

Not applicable.

**Explosive limit – upper** 

Not applicable.

(%)

**Vapour pressure** < 0,0000001 kPa (25 °C (77 °F))

Vapour densityNot applicable.Relative densityNot applicable.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)Not applicable.Solubility (other)Not applicable.Partition coefficientNot applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot applicable.Decomposition temperatureNot applicable.ViscosityNot applicable.Explosive propertiesNot explosive.Oxidising propertiesNot oxidising.

9.2. Other information

**Density** 3,01 g/cm3 estimated

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder

Molecular formula Be-O

Molecular weight25,01 g/molSpecific gravity3,01

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity** Not available.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.10.3. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.

**10.5. Incompatible materials** Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.

**10.6. Hazardous** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

decomposition products

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Skin contactMay cause an allergic skin reaction.Eye contactNot likely, due to the form of the product.IngestionNot likely, due to the form of the product.

**Symptoms** Respiratory disorder.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** May cause allergic skin reaction. **Serious eye damage/eye** Harmful in contact with eyes.

irritation

**Respiratory sensitisation** May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Skin sensitisation** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

**Carcinogenicity** Cancer hazard.

Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordinance on protection against and preventing risk relating to exposure to carcinogens at work (as amended)

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

# IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

**Reproductive toxicity** Not classified. **Specific target organ toxicity** Not classified.

- single exposure

exposure

Specific target organ toxicity

nhalation.

- repeated exposure inhalatio

**Aspiration hazard** Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mixture versus substance

information

Not available.

**Other information** Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity** No toxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).

**12.2. Persistence and**No data is available on the degradability of this product.

degradability

**12.3. Bioaccumulative** Not available.

potential

Partition coefficient Not available.

n-octanol/water (log Kow)

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)** Not available. **12.4. Mobility in soil** Not available.

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder

SDS HUNGARY

12.5. Results of PBT and

vPvR assessment

Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.

12.6. Other adverse effects Not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Residual waste** Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must

be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

**EU** waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which

the product was used.

Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as Disposal

methods/information supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material

characteristics at time of disposal.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **ADR**

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping BERYLLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1(PGI, II) **Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGI, II) Label(s) 6.1 Hazard No. (ADR) 60 **Tunnel restriction** D/E

code

14.4. Packing group ΙΙ 14.5. Environmental No.

hazards

14.6. Special precautions Not available.

for user

**RID** 

**14.1. UN number** UN1566

14.2. UN proper shipping BERYLLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1(PGI, II) **Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGI, II) 6.1 Label(s) 14.4. Packing group TT 14.5. Environmental Nο

hazards

14.6. Special precautions Not available.

for user

**ADN** 

**14.1. UN number** UN1566

14.2. UN proper shipping Beryllium compound, n.o.s.

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1(PGI, II) **Subsidiary risk** 6.1(PGI, II) Label(s) 6.1 14.4. Packing group ΙΙ 14.5. Environmental No.

hazards

14.6. Special precautions Not available.

for user

IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN1566

Beryllium compound, n.o.s. 14.2. UN proper shipping

name

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder 2254 Version #: 03 Revision date: 04-May-2021 Issue date: 28-April-2017

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1(PGI, II)

Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group II
14.5. Environmental No.

hazards

ERG Code 6L

**14.6. Special precautions** Not available.

for user

Other information

**Passenger and cargo** Allowed with restrictions.

aircraft

**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

**14.1. UN number** UN1566

**14.2. UN proper shipping** BERYLLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.

name

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1(PGI, II)

Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group II
14.5. Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-A, S-A
14.6. Special precautions Not available.

for user ADN; ADR; RID



IATA; IMDG



## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

#### **Authorisations**

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

#### Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

### Other EU regulations

### Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

beryllium oxide (CAS 1304-56-9)

Other regulations The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws

National regulations Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

**List of abbreviations** Not available. **References** Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculatior methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under

Sections 2 to 15

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

H372 Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

**Revision information** SECTION 2: Hazards identification: Prevention

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection: Appropriate engineering controls

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

**Training information** Follow training instructions when handling this material.

**Disclaimer** This document has been prepared using data from sour

This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable and the information is believed to be correct. Materion makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Materion cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its products may be used and the actual conditions of use are beyond its control. The user is responsible to evaluate all available information when using this product for any

particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws, statutes and

regulations.

Material name: Beryllium Oxide Powder SDS HUNGARY