



SAFETY DATA SHEET

MATERION

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Name of the substance Beryllium Powder
Identification number 004-001-00-7 (Index number)
Registration number 01-2119487146-32-000
Document number M11
Synonyms Metallic Beryllium Powder, Glucinium Powder, SP200F, SP65, UHP9999 Powder
Issue date 01-March-2016
Version number 04
Revision date 26-March-2019
Supersedes date 09-March-2018

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Not available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Company name Materion Brush Inc.
Address 6070 Parkland Boulevard
Mayfield Heights, OH 44124
United States

Division

Telephone 1.216.383.4019
e-mail ehs@materion.com
Contact person Theodore Knudson

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1.216.383.4019

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the product information sheet

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Company name Materion Brush Inc.
Address 6070 Parkland Boulevard
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Flammable solids Category 1 H228 - Flammable solid.

Health hazards

Carcinogenicity Category 1B H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Category 1 (Respiratory system)

H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Hazard summary

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause cancer. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Beryllium Powder

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H228 Flammable solid.
H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
H372 Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response

P302 + P350 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information

Exposure to the elements listed in Section 3 by inhalation, ingestion, and skin contact can occur when melting, casting, dross handling, pickling, chemical cleaning, heat treating, abrasive cutting, welding, grinding, sanding, polishing, milling, crushing, or otherwise heating or abrading the surface of this material in a manner which generates particulate.

For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.

None known.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Beryllium Powder	100	7440-41-7 231-150-7	01-2119487146-32-000	004-001-00-7	
Classification:	Flam. Sol. 1;H228, Carc. 1B;H350i, STOT RE 1;H372				

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information	If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of particulate requires immediate removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical help.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Thoroughly wash skin cuts or wounds to remove all particulate debris from the wound. Seek medical attention for wounds that cannot be thoroughly cleansed. Treat skin cuts and wounds with standard first aid practices such as cleansing, disinfecting and covering to prevent wound infection and contamination before continuing work. Obtain medical help for persistent irritation. Material accidentally implanted or lodged under the skin must be removed.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	<p>Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. In view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. Other treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases. In general, treatment is reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians.</p> <p>In their 2014 official statement on the Diagnosis and Management of Beryllium Sensitivity and Chronic Beryllium Disease, the American Thoracic Society states that "it seems prudent for workers with BeS to avoid all future occupational exposure to beryllium."</p>

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	Flammable solid.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry Sand, Graphite Powder, Dry Sodium Chloride Based Extinguishers. DO NOT use water if avoidable. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Hazardous dust or fumes containing beryllium may be released during a fire.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.
Special firefighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	In solid form this material poses no special clean-up problems. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
For emergency responders	Not available.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the PIS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the PIS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep locked up. Avoid contact with acids and alkalies. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ordinance of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy on 6 June 2014 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful health factors in the work environment, Journal of Laws 2014, item 817

Material	Type	Value
Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m3

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

Not available.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

VENTILATION: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.

WET METHODS: Machining operations are usually performed under a liquid lubricant/coolant flood which assists in reducing airborne particulate. However, the cycling through of machine coolant containing finely divided particulate in suspension can result in the concentration building to a point where the particulate may become airborne during use. Certain processes such as sanding and grinding may require complete hooded containment and local exhaust ventilation. Prevent coolant from splashing onto floor areas, external structures or operators' clothing. Utilize a coolant filtering system to remove particulate from the coolant.

WORK PRACTICES: Develop work practices and procedures that prevent particulate from coming in contact with worker skin, hair, or personal clothing. If work practices and/or procedures are ineffective in controlling airborne exposure or visual particulate from deposition on skin, hair, or clothing, provide appropriate cleaning/washing facilities. Procedures should be written that clearly communicate the facility's requirements for protective clothing and personal hygiene. These clothing and personal hygiene requirements help keep particulate from being spread to non-production areas or from being taken home by the worker. Never use compressed air to clean work clothing or other surfaces.

Fabrication processes may leave a residue of particulate on the surface of parts, products or equipment that could result in employee exposure during subsequent material handling activities. As necessary, clean loose particulate from parts between processing steps. As a standard hygiene practice, wash hands before eating or smoking.

HOUSEKEEPING: Use vacuum and wet cleaning methods for particulate removal from surfaces. Be certain to de-energize electrical systems, as necessary, before beginning wet cleaning. Use vacuum cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA). Do not use compressed air, brooms, or conventional vacuum cleaners to remove particulate from surfaces as this activity can result in elevated exposures to airborne particulate. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when performing maintenance on HEPA filtered vacuums used to clean hazardous materials.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.

- Other Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin lesions.

Respiratory protection When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Environmental exposure controls Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Colour	Grey.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1287 °C (2348,6 °F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	2970 °C (5378 °F)
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable solid.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.

Vapour pressure < 0,0000001 kPa at 25 °C

Vapour density Not applicable.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not applicable.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature Not applicable.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive properties Not available.

Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information

Density 1,85 g/cm³ estimated at 20 °C

Molecular formula Be

Molecular weight 9,01 g/mol

Specific gravity 1,85 at 20 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity Not available.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin contact	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Eye contact	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Symptoms Respiratory disorder.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Respiratory sensitisation	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin sensitisation	Not a skin sensitiser.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Cancer hazard.

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7) Carcinogen/Mutagen

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7) Carcinogenic to humans. 1

Poland. Order concerning carcinogenic and mutagenic substances in the workplace, as amended

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7) Carcinogenic, Category 1B.

Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Aspiration hazard	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.
Other information	Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	No toxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	Not available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.
12.6. Other adverse effects	Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

**Disposal
methods/information**

Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1567
14.2. UN proper shipping name	BERYLLIUM POWDER
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1(PGI, II)
Subsidiary risk	4.1
Label(s)	6.1 +4.1
Hazard No. (ADR)	64
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not available.

RID

14.1. UN number	UN1567
14.2. UN proper shipping name	BERYLLIUM POWDER
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1(PGI, II)
Subsidiary risk	4.1
Label(s)	6.1+4.1
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not available.

ADN

14.1. UN number	UN1567
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Beryllium Powder
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1
Subsidiary risk	4.1
Label(s)	6.1+4.1
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not available.

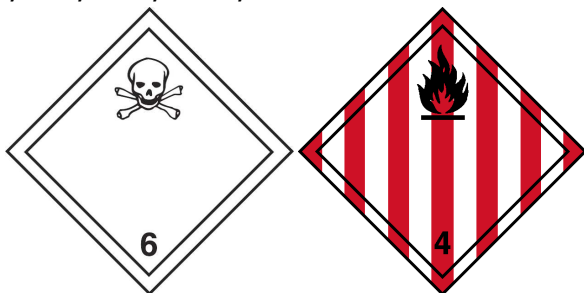
IATA

14.1. UN number	UN1567
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Beryllium powder
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1(PGI, II)
Subsidiary risk	4.1
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	6F
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not available.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

14.1. UN number	UN1567
14.2. UN proper shipping name	BERYLLIUM POWDER
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	6.1(PGI, II)
Subsidiary risk	4.1
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-G, S-G
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not available.

ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended
Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA
Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended
Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7)

Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.
National regulations	Act on the management of packaging and packaging waste of June 13, 2013 Regulation of the Minister of Health of June 11, 2012 on the categories of dangerous substances and dangerous preparations whose packaging should be fitted with child-resistant closures and a tactile warning of danger REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF HEALTH of February 2, 2011 on tests and measurements of factors harmful to health in working environments Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended.

Poland. Substances that could yield hazardous waste (Law on waste, DZ.U. poz. 21/2013, Annex 4)

Beryllium Powder (CAS 7440-41-7)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
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SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations	Not available.
References	Not available.
Training information	Not available.
Disclaimer	This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable and the information is believed to be correct. Materion makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Materion cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its products may be used and the actual conditions of use are beyond its control. The user is responsible to evaluate all available information when using this product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws, statutes and regulations. To avoid any misunderstandings or incorrect assumptions by the receiver of the safety information, it should be made clear that the supplied information is not in the form of a Safety Data Sheet (SDS), but is actually a voluntary Product Information Sheet closely following the guidelines of the Safety Data Sheet – COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 (REACH/SDS).
Other information	Revised information in Section 3.